

Overview



NEW DRUGS AVAILABLE



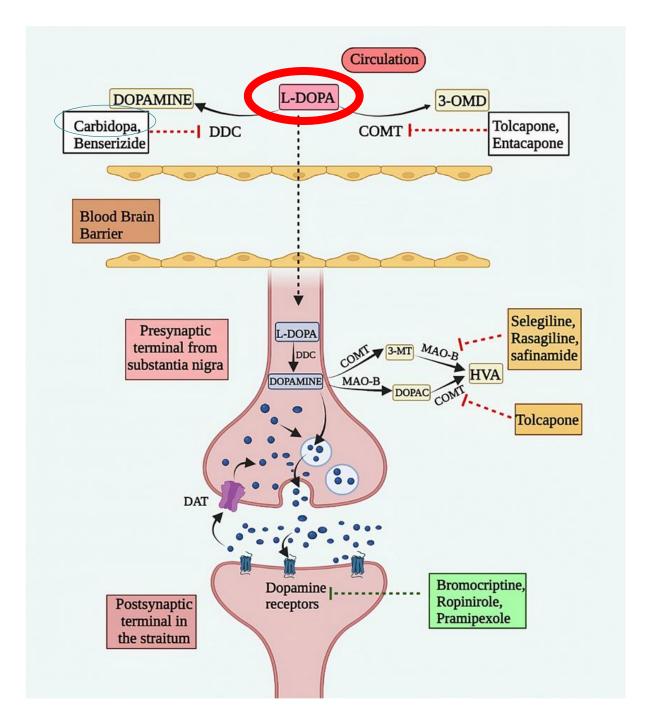
DBS UPDATE



FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Levodopa

So far, the BEST option for most people



- Dopamine is missing in PD
 - Sinemet (Levodopa/carbidopa)
 - L-dopa can cross into brain
 - Carbadopa helps prevent it from becoming Dopaine in the blood stream
 - Nausea prevention
 - REPLACES what is MISSING!
 - Helps stiffness, slowness, tremors, gait
 - Helps mood sometimes
 - Can cause
 - Dyskinesias
 - Hallucinations
 - Sleepiness
 - Nausea
 - Light-headedness

Other L-dopas

- Sub Cutaneous (Vyalev)
- Through stomach tube (Duopa)
- Longer acting L-dopa (Crexont)

Pumps

- Foscarbidopa/foslevodopa (Vyalev)
 - 24, variable rate infusion into the skin
 - Not currently covered....?



- Carbidopa/levodopa enteral suspension (Duopa)
 - 16 hour through a hole in the abdomen
 - Currently covered
 - Refrigerated

Bypasses the stomach

Pumps



Delivered in the intestine, where levodopa is mostly absorbed

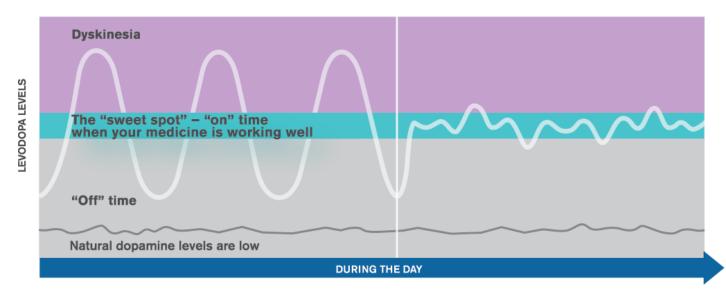


Pump Benefits

- Smooth blood level
- Less/not affected by food
- Goal is to be able to stop ALL levodopa (and usually dopamine agonists)

LEVODOPA LEVELS are often **too low** or **too high** in advanced Parkinson's

THE GOAL OF THERAPY is to keep levodopa levels within the "sweet spot"

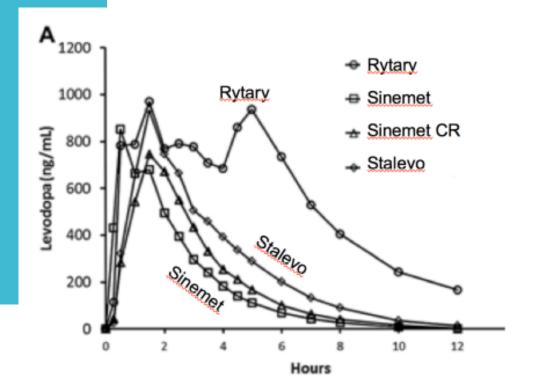


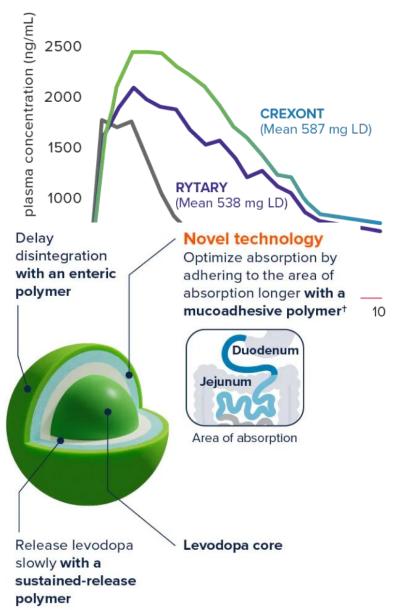
Pump negatives

- More invasive than pills
- Expensive
- No different effects than Sinemet really

- Less frequent dosing
- Higher dosage per dose though!

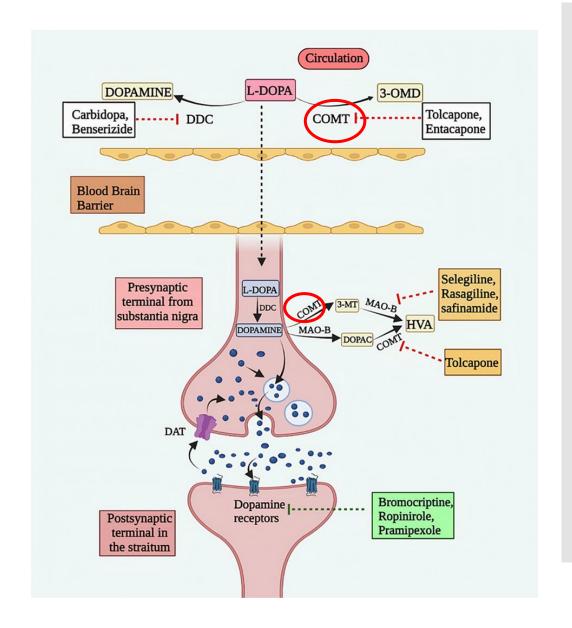
Crexont





Make L-dopa last longer

- COMT inhibitors
 - Opicapone
 - Entacapone
- MAO-B inhibitors
 - Rasagiline
 - Selegiline

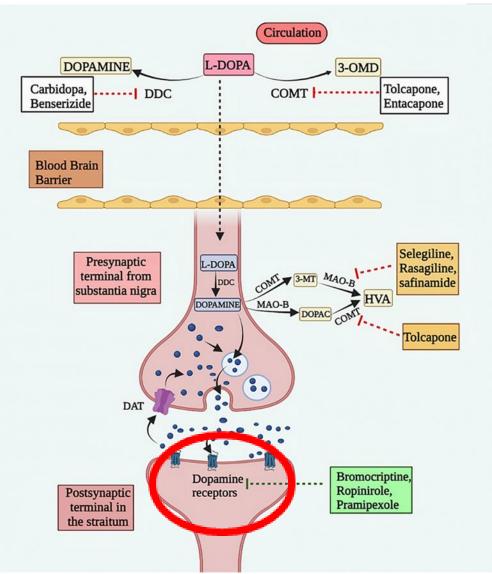


Dopamine Agonists

Apomorphine

- NOT RELATED TO PAIN
- Oral dissolving
- Infusion pump





Dopamine Agonists

Positives

- Smoother
- No dyskinesia (if taken without Sinemet)

Negatives

- Somnolence
- OCD like symptoms
- Nausea

OTHER DOPAMINE AGONISTS

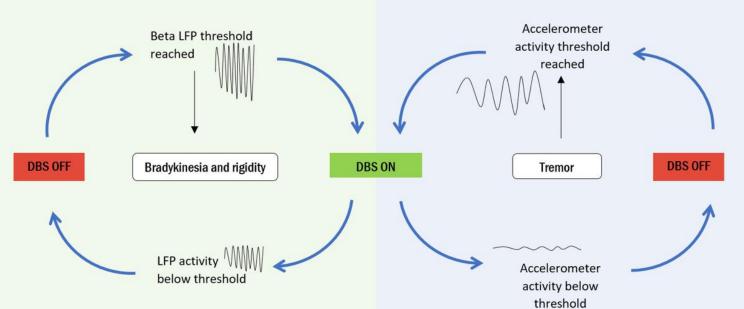
Pramipexole (Mirapex) Ropinerole (Requip)

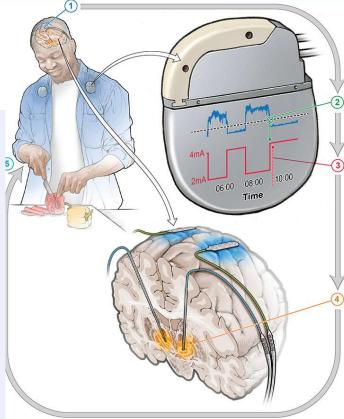
Rotigatine (Neupro)

DBS that listens to your brain or tremor/gait sensors!

Adaptive closed loop

DBS





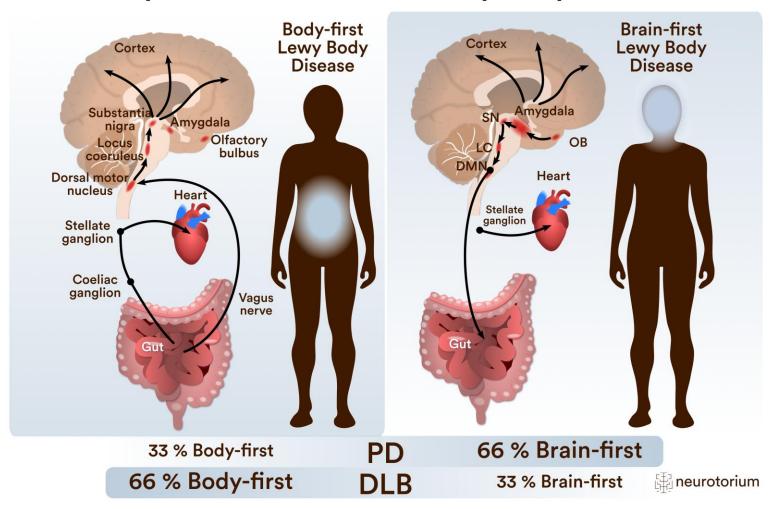
The Crew



Upcoming research

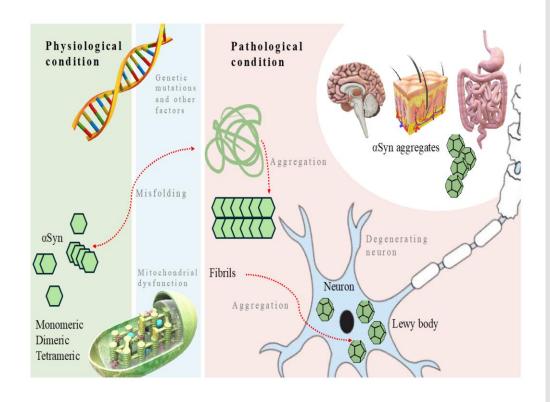
What happens to CAUSE Parkinsons?

Body-first and Brain-first Lewy Body Disease



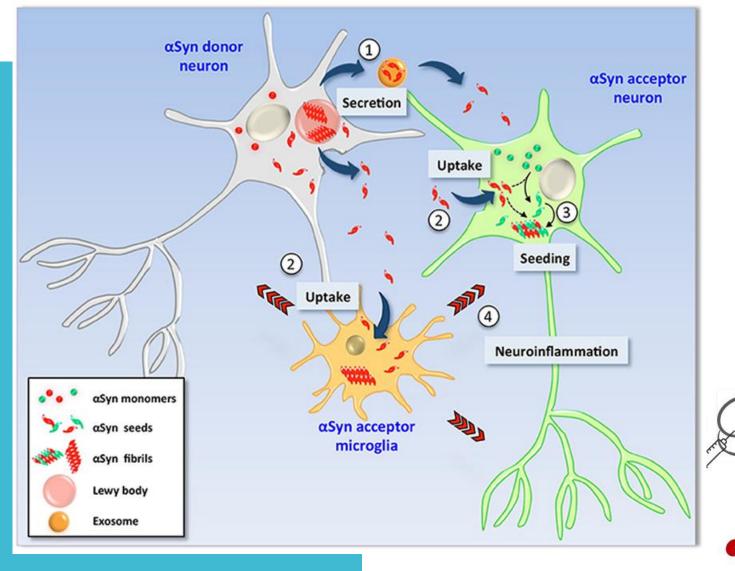
Alphasynuclein

- A-syn used to control neurotramission
- Misformed proteins can clump up and create Lewy Bodies

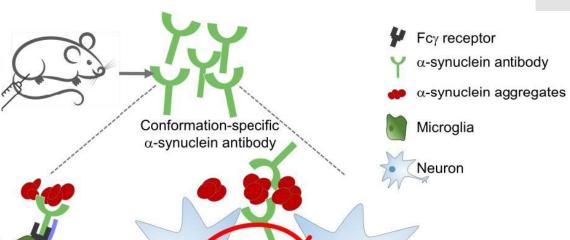


Targeting alpha-synuclein

- Antibodies: Akin to the new Alzheimer's therapies
 - Infusion of drug is antibodies to Lewy Bodies
- Vaccine: injection of a protein like A-syn which induces body to make antibodies to Lewy Bodies
- Small molecules blocking Asyn aggregation



Antibody Effect



Immune Therapies

Early Phase trials

- Vaccines
 - Not clearly beneficial yet
 - Not certain the antibodies can get INSIDE neurons where the Lewy Bodies are
- Prasinezumab/antibodies
 - Slower progression
 - Digital motor scoring with apple watch-like devices

 Need to leave physiologically active normal A-syn alone

Tetanus Vaccine?

- Comparing people who got Tetanus vaccine vs not
- Risk reduction for developing PD for the next 5 years (0.17 risk compared to non-tetanus shot patients)
- Slower disease progression

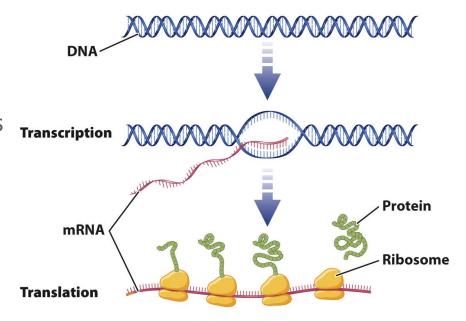
Why?

 Vaccine given when you get a dirty wound, which you get when you are more active?

Genetics

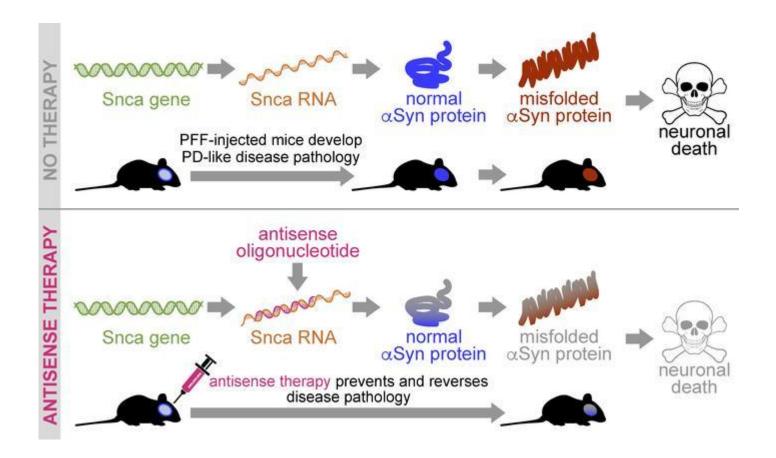
DOGMA of BIOLOGY

- Antisense Oligonucleotides
 - Block alpha-synuclein expression



Proteins provide structure and carry out many essential activities in a cell.

ASO



Is A-synuclein actually the problem?

YES

- Present in all PD and PD+
- Genetic causes of PD have some relation to A-syn
- Injecting into mice can cause more to form and develop something like PD

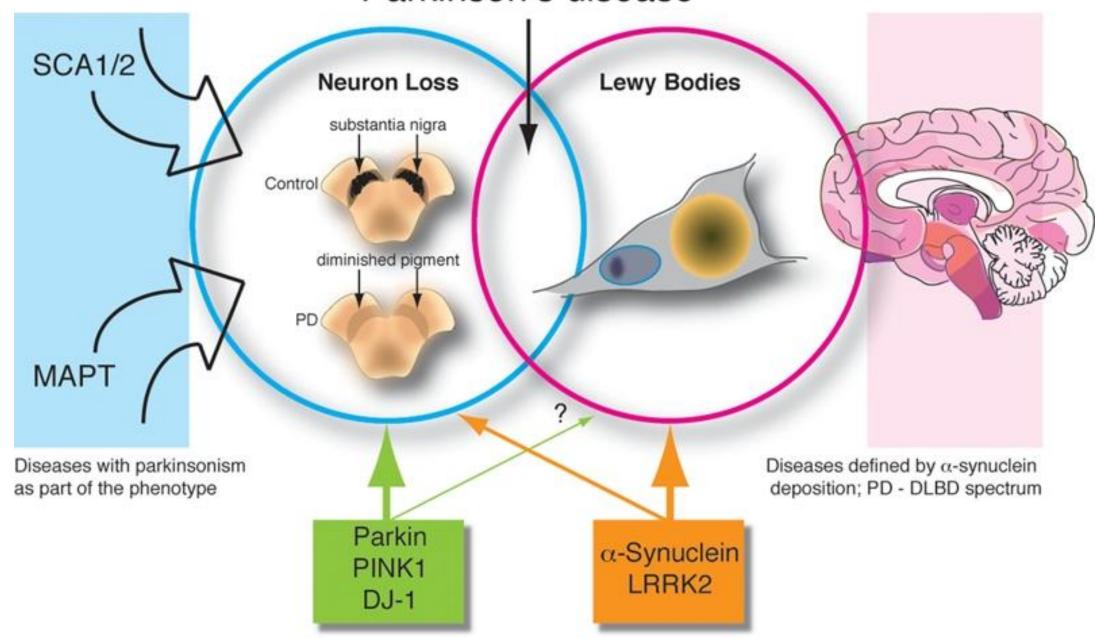
NO

- Inflammation starts BEFORE A-syn in disease models
- Cells that are alive have Asyn in them
- Important for neurotransmitter control
- There are A-syn inclusions in people without disease
- Concentrations don't correlate with disease severity

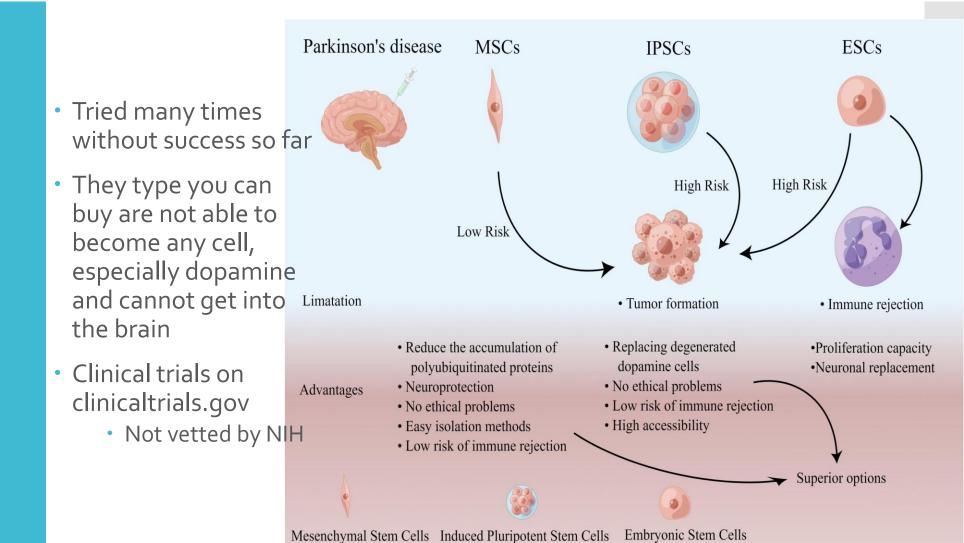
A-syn in Dopamine Neurons

- Helps maintain pacemaker characteristics
- Nigral cells are VERY fast and active
- They "burn out" easier

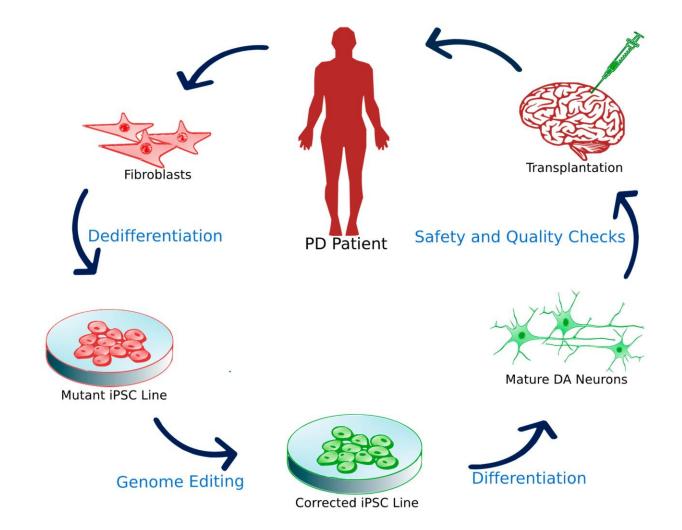
Parkinson's disease



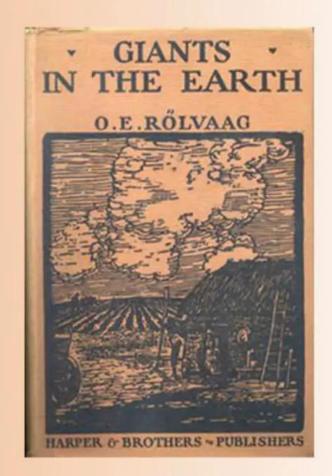
Stem Cells



Stem Cells





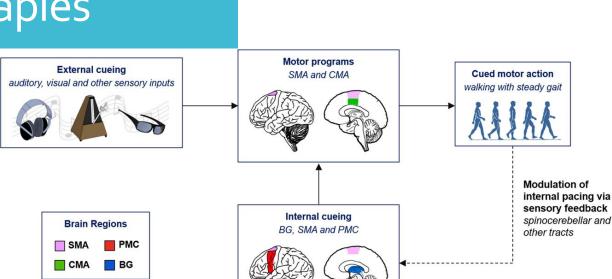


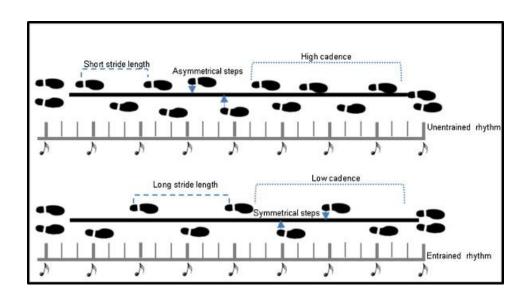
- Never recorded opera about Norwegian immigrants settling east of Sioux Falls
- Pulitzer prize in 1951
- Tonight at 7:30 and Sunday at 2:30 at the Washington Pavilion!

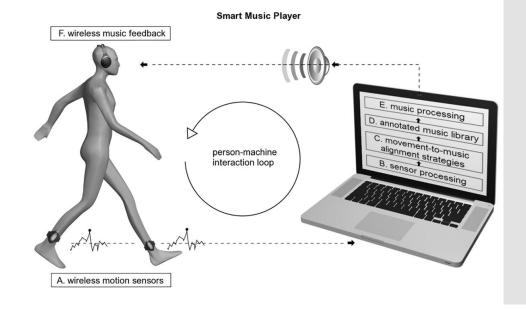
Acoustic therapies

Rhythmic auditory Stimulation

- Walk to the beat
- Music Therapy
- Singing helps too!







Subsonic vibrations

May help tremors

Vibroacoustic Therapy

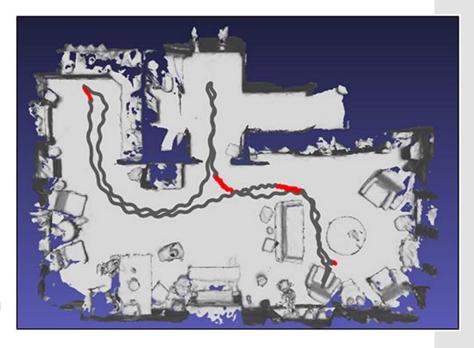


Cuing steps

VR Visual cuing

With the display turned on, 56% of the patients improved either their walking speed, or their stride length, or both, by over 20%. After device removal, and waiting for 15 minutes, the patients were instructed to walk again: 68% of the patients showed over 20% improvement in either walking speed or stride length or both. One week after participating in the first test, 36% of the patients showed over 20% improvement in baseline performance with respect to the previous test. Some of the patients reported that they still walked on the tiles in their minds.

Mapping walking and freezing



Overview

Available

- L-dopa infusions
- L-dopa extended formats
- Apomorphine infusions

Future Directions

- Anti-Alphasynuclein immune therapy
- Anti-Alphasynuclein Genetic therapy
- Stem Cells
- Assistive devices



And one more for the road